# Compliance checklist

To review compliance regulations and standards, read the [controls, frameworks, and compliance](https://www.coursera.org/learn/foundations-of-cybersecurity/supplement/xu4pr/controls-frameworks-and-compliance) document.

* **The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission - North American Electric Reliability Corporation (FERC-NERC)**

The FERC-NERC regulation applies to organizations that work with electricity or that are involved with the U.S. and North American power grid. Organizations have an obligation to prepare for, mitigate, and report any potential security incident that can negatively affect the power grid. Organizations are legally required to adhere to the Critical Infrastructure Protection Reliability Standards (CIP) defined by the FERC.

**Explanation:** Botium doesn’t need to adhere to this as they do not work with the power grid.

* **General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)**

GDPR is a European Union (E.U.) general data regulation that protects the processing of E.U. citizens’ data and their right to privacy in and out of E.U. territory. Additionally, if a breach occurs and a E.U. citizen’s data is compromised, they must be informed within 72 hours of the incident.

**Explanation:** Botium does need to have controls in place to prevent EU citizens data from being exploited but also to inform them in 72 hours if need be.

* **Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS)**

PCI DSS is an international security standard meant to ensure that organizations storing, accepting, processing, and transmitting credit card information do so in a secure environment.

**Explanation:** Botium does need to adhere to this standard as they process credit cards and need to ensure it is done in a secure manner.

* **The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)**

HIPAA is a federal law established in 1996 to protect U.S. patients’ health information. This law prohibits patient information from being shared without their consent. Organizations have a legal obligation to inform patients of a breach.

**Explanation:** This does not apply to Botium

* **System and Organizations Controls (SOC type 1, SOC type 2)**

The SOC1 and SOC2 are a series of reports that focus on an organization’s user access policies at different organizational levels. They are used to assess an organization’s financial compliance and levels of risk. They also cover confidentiality, privacy, integrity, availability, security, and overall data safety. Control failures in these areas can lead to fraud.

**Explanation:** This is needed to ensure people have appropriate access for their roles and do not have information they do not need and in turn creating risk that is unnecessary. This is about controls relating to information access and reducing fraud.